

- សំគាល់ក្នុងបច្ចេកវិទ្យា

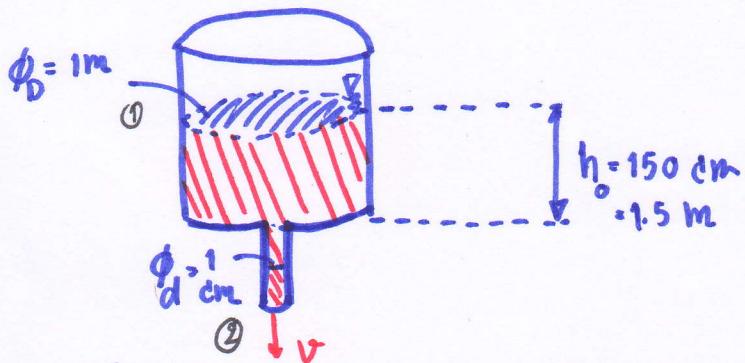
ចំណាំ

$$\text{រដ្ឋបាប់រាង} \quad \phi_D = 1 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{រដ្ឋបាប់រាង មួយតឹក} \quad \phi_d = 1 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{រំលែកអាមេរិក} \quad 1.5 \text{ m}$$

ចំណាំ ការបែងចាយ និង ការបែងចាយ
រំលែកអាមេរិក h នូវការបែងចាយ
នៅរដ្ឋបាប់រាង ដើម្បីបង្កើតបែងចាយ
នូវការបែងចាយ និង ការបែងចាយ

ចំណាំ

សំគាល់ក្នុងបច្ចេកវិទ្យានៃបែងចាយ

នៅរដ្ឋបាប់រាង នៅរដ្ឋបាប់រាង \Rightarrow ការបែងចាយនូវការបែងចាយ

$$T_1 + V_1 = T_2 + V_2$$

$$T = \text{សំគាល់ក្នុងបច្ចេកវិទ្យា} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$V = \text{នំនួរក្នុងបច្ចេកវិទ្យា} = mg h$$

$$mg h = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$v = \sqrt{2gh}$$

នៅពីរការបែងចាយ នៅរដ្ឋបាប់រាង នៅរដ្ឋបាប់រាង ដើម្បីបង្កើតបែងចាយ (loss)

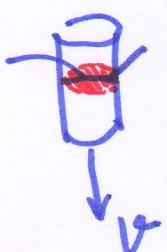
កិចចិន

$$v = c \sqrt{2gh}$$

នូយក់ $c = \text{តម្លៃសំគាល់ក្នុងបច្ចេកវិទ្យា}$
 $c \leq 1$

พื้นที่ด้านล่างของชั้นน้ำที่ไม่ต้องการ กี่ ลบ.ม. $\Rightarrow \Delta V_d$

$$\phi_d \quad A_d = \text{พื้นที่บนผิวน้ำของชั้นน้ำ}$$



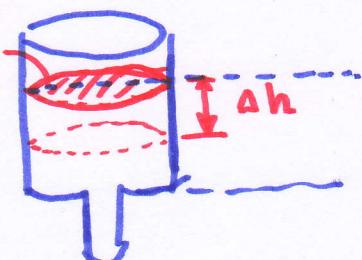
$$\Delta V_d = A_d s ; \quad s = V \Delta t$$

$$\Delta V_d = A_d V \Delta t$$

พื้นที่
 A_d

พื้นที่ด้านล่างของชั้นน้ำที่ต้องการใช้ = กี่ ลบ.ม.

A_D



$$\Delta V_D = -A_D \Delta h ; \quad \text{ปริมาณน้ำที่เปลี่ยนไปในชั้นน้ำ} = \text{พื้นที่ชั้นน้ำที่ต้องการใช้}$$

พื้นที่ชั้นน้ำที่ไม่ต้องการใช้ = พื้นที่ชั้นน้ำที่ต้องการใช้

$$\Delta V_d = \Delta V_D$$

$$A_d V \Delta t = -A_D \Delta h$$

$$\frac{\Delta h}{\Delta t} = \frac{V}{A_d} - \frac{A_d V}{A_D} ; \quad D = c \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$\frac{\Delta h}{\Delta t} = - \frac{A_d c \sqrt{2gh}}{A_D}$$

$$\frac{\Delta h}{\Delta t} = - \frac{A_d c \sqrt{2g}}{A_D} \times \sqrt{h}$$

$$\text{แทน } - \frac{A_d c \sqrt{2g}}{A_D} \Rightarrow \text{อัตรา} = -K$$

$$\frac{\Delta h}{\Delta t} = -K \sqrt{h}$$

$$\Delta t \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = -K \sqrt{h}$$

မြန်မာစာ သိပ္ပါယ်

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{h}} dh = -K dt$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{h}} dh = \int -K dt$$

$$2 h^{\frac{1}{2}} = -kt + C_1$$

$$2\sqrt{h} = -kt + C_1$$

မှတ် K

$$K = \frac{A_d c \times \sqrt{2g}}{A_D} ; \text{မြန်မာစာ } c = 0.79$$

$$= \frac{\pi [0.01]^2 / 4}{\pi [1]^2 / 4} \times 0.79 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81}$$

$$K = 3.5 \times 10^{-4}$$

မှတ် $C_1 \Rightarrow$ ပေါ် $t=0$, $h_0 = 1.5 \text{ m}$

$$2\sqrt{1.5} = -3.5 \times 10^{-4} \times 0 + C_1$$

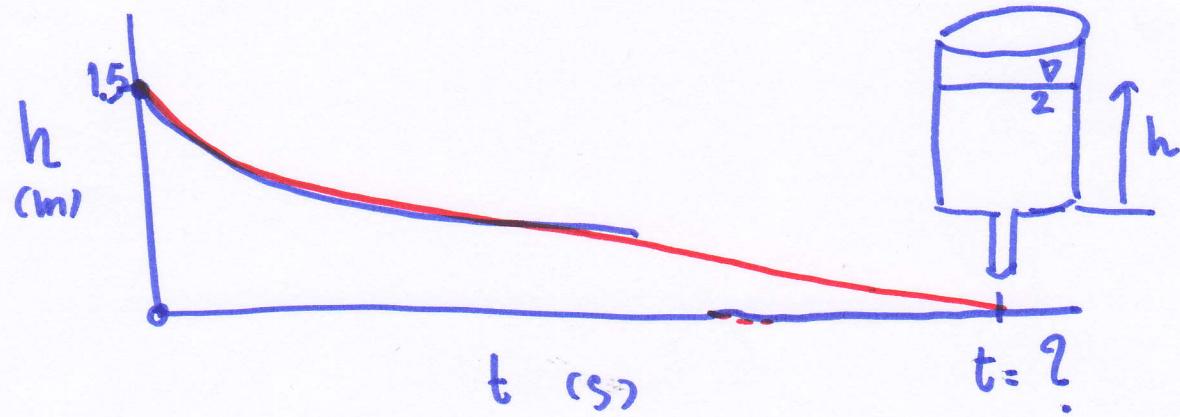
$$C_1 = 2.45$$

မြန်မာစာ သိပ္ပါယ် အသုတေသန စံနည် ရှိခိုက်

$$2\sqrt{h} = -3.5 \times 10^{-4} t + 2.45$$

$$\sqrt{h} = \frac{1}{2} [-3.5 \times 10^{-4} t + 2.45]$$

$$h = [-1.75 \times 10^{-4} t + 1.225]^2 *$$



on t wia $h = 0$

$$2\sqrt{0} = -3.5 \times 10^{-4} t + 2.45$$

$$t = 7000 \text{ s } *$$

$$\int u^{-2} du = \frac{1}{(-2+1)} u^{-2+1}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} u^{-1}$$

សម្រាប់បញ្ជីការណ៍ ព័ត៌មានរបស់ និងសម្រាប់លក្ខណៈ (លទ្ធផល)

ចំណាំ

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = km$$

$$\frac{1}{m} dm = k dt$$

$$\int \frac{1}{m} dm = \int k dt$$

$$\ln m = kt + C$$

$$e^{\ln m} = e^{kt+C}$$

$$m = e^{kt} \cdot e^C ; A = e^C$$

$$m = Ae^{kt}$$

រាយការណ៍ $k = -4.415 \times 10^{-4}$ នូវការណ៍នេះ

និងការណ៍នេះ នឹងរាយការណ៍ 2 g

$$m = Ae^{kt}$$

$$m = Ae^{-4.415 \times 10^{-4} t}$$

$$m = Ae$$

$$t=0, m=2$$

$$2 = Ae^{-4.415 \times 10^{-4} \times 0}$$

$$2 = A$$

$$-4.415 \times 10^{-4} t$$

សម្រាប់លក្ខណៈ នៅពេល t = 1000 ឆ្នាំ $\Rightarrow m = 2 e^{-4.415 \times 10^{-4} \times 1000}$

ការបង្កើត និងរាយការ ធម៌លើសម្ភារ និងសម្ភារ ដែលមានចំណាំសម្រាប់បង្កើត ទៅលើវា
ដែលមានទំនាក់ទំនង

$$f(x) \frac{dy}{dx} = f(x) \cdot f(y)$$

$$\frac{1}{f(y)} dy = f(x) dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{f(y)} dy = \int f(x) dx$$

សម្ភារ កំសម្ភារ ឱការ សិក្សានៃ $x \ln y$ ទៅ នៅក្នុង

Separable eq.

ចំណាំ

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y e^{-x} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{y} dy = e^{-x} dx$$

$$\sin x dx + y dy$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 y - y}{y+1} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y[x^2 - 1]}{y+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y+1}{y} dy = [x^2 - 1] dx$$

$$\left[\frac{y}{y+1} + \frac{1}{y} \right] dy = [x^2 - 1] dx$$

$$\left[1 + \frac{1}{y} \right] dy = [x^2 - 1] dx$$

ນັງສອກ ໜີ້ຕະຫຼາດໄວ້ໃນສອນກາເພື່ອ ໄກສະໜາງວ່າ ກົດເລີດ ເກມວັດ
ໄລຍະ ສະ ປິບ ລູ່ກັນລົມກະ ພົມ ສົມກະ ໃຫ້ຕະຫຼາດໄວ້ ທີ່ກຳນົດ ໂດຍເອົາ,

ສອກ ໜີ້ຕະຫຼາດໄວ້ \Rightarrow Homogeneous eq.

\Rightarrow Linear eq.

- Homogeneous eq.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = f\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$$

ຕົກສອນ

$$1. \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x \pm \frac{1+y/x}{1-y/x}$$

$$2. \quad x \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) \frac{dy}{dx} = y \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} + \frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)}$$

$$3. \quad x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 3xy - 2y^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3xy + 2y^2}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3\frac{y}{x} + 2\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^2$$

សម្រាប់បង្កើត និង សិក្សា

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 + 3xy + y^2}{x^2} ; y(1) = 0$$

ដំណឹង

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + 3\frac{y}{x} + \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^2$$

$$\text{សម្រាប់ } v = \frac{y}{x} \Rightarrow y = vx$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = v \frac{dx}{dx} + x \frac{dv}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = v + x \frac{dv}{dx}$$

$$v + x \frac{dv}{dx} = 1 + 3v + v^2$$

$$x \frac{dv}{dx} = v^2 + 2v + 1$$

$$x \frac{dv}{dx} = (v+1)^2$$

$$\frac{1}{(v+1)^2} dv = \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\text{ទុក } u = v+1 \Rightarrow \frac{du}{dv} = 1 \Rightarrow du = dv$$

$$\int \frac{1}{u^2} du = \int \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$-\frac{1}{u} = \ln x + C.$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= \frac{-1}{\ln x + c} \\ v+1 &= -1 \\ \downarrow & \quad \ln x + c \\ \frac{y}{x} + 1 &= -\frac{1}{\ln x + c} \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore x=1, y=0$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{0}{1} + 1 &= -\frac{1}{\ln 1 + c} \\ 1 &= -\frac{1}{c} \\ c &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

Final answer

$$\boxed{\frac{y}{x} = -\frac{1}{\ln x - 1} - 1}$$

• Linear eq.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + P(x)y = q(x)$$

బలిగ్గు

$$y = \left[\int q(x) e^{\int P(x) dx} dx + c \right] e^{-\int P(x) dx}$$

Quiz

ఈ లోగిటికల్ వీడి సమాఖ్య

$$x e^{-x^2} dx + (y^5 - 1) dy = 0$$

$$\text{మౌలికం } y(0) = 0$$